CITY OF JASPER Jasper, Alabama

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information

September 30, 2019

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KELLUM, WILSON & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants
1799 ELLIOTT BOULEVARD
JASPER, ALABAMA 35501
PHILLIP D. EADS. CPA. MANAGER

(205) 221-2935

JOHN W. KELLUM, III, CPA CHARLES R. WILSON, CPA

LORI L. KES, CPA
PHILLIP D. EADS, CPA
BENJAMIN D. DOUGHTY, CPA
LINDY B. EICHELBERGER, CPA
JAMES C. BOHANNON. CPA. CFE

FAX (205) 221-2985 peads@kwacpa.net

BIRMINGHAM OFFICE JOHN W. KELLUM, III, CPA 3825 LORNA ROAD, SUITE 212 HOOVER, ALABAMA 35244 (205) 942-5424

CHARLES W. HULLETT, CPA (1927-2005)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Jasper, Alabama

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund of the City of Jasper, Alabama (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Jasper City Board of Education of the City of Jasper, Alabama, which represent 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of that component unit column. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Jasper City Board of Education is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jasper, Alabama, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of Employer Contributions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Jasper, Alabama's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 11, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Jasper, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Jasper, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kellum, Wilson & Associatus, P.C.
Kellum, Wilson & Associates, P.C.

September 11, 2020

As management of the City of Jasper, Alabama (the "City"), we present this narrative overview and analysis designed to assist readers of the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Our discussion and analysis focuses on significant financial issues, provides an overview of the City's financial activity, identifies changes in the City's financial position, identifies any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and identifies individual fund issues or concerns.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City's Governmental Activities exceed its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, by \$13,410,153 (net position). The portion of net position that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors (unrestricted net position) reflects a deficit of (\$8,653,662). The deficit is primarily the result of the reporting of the OPEB obligation as required by GASB No. 45 and the pension requirements of GASB 68 (Note 9).
- The City's total net position increased by \$53,763 in fiscal 2019.
- The City's total net capital assets increased by \$2,204,187 in fiscal 2019. This increase was mainly attributable to ongoing construction.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$12,264,560, a decrease of \$3,312,655 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$4,790,582 is restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund (the City's primary operating fund) was \$6,797,565.
- The City's net long-term debt decreased by \$2,105,277.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements, which is comprised of the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with an overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. This statement combines governmental funds' current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information focused on functions and shows how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of revenue and expenses of various governmental services and/or subsidies to various business-type activities. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused employee leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to typically recover all or a significant portion of the cost of operation, including depreciation, through user fees and charges for services (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, recreation and cultural services, and non-departmental. The business-type activities of the City reflect private sector type operations and include cemeteries and garbage services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the activities of *its component units*, the Jasper City Board of Education and the Industrial Development Board of the City of Jasper, Alabama. A component unit is a legally separate organization over which the City can exercise influence and/or may be obligated to provide financial subsidies. The focus of the statements is clearly on the primary government and the presentation allows the readers to address the City's relative relationship with the component units. The Jasper City Board of Education and the Industrial Development Board issue complete financial statements, which may be obtained by contacting the entities directly.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the *Fund Financial Statements* presentation more familiar. The focus is on the City's major funds rather than the City as a whole. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are the three categories of fund types.

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds – The City of Jasper maintains four individual major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, 2017 Bond Improvement Fund, 2017 Warrant Issue, and the One–Cent Sales Tax Fund. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single nonmajor governmental funds aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

For management control of expenditures, the City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the City's major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Proprietary Funds – The City of Jasper maintains three proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to provide for separate information for the two cemeteries and the garbage services, each of which is considered a major fund of the City.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support City programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary comparisons and the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits to its employees.

The combining fund statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information and the Governmental Auditing Standards section represents the last section of this report.

Condensed Statements of Net Position September 30, 2019 and 2018

Total

		nmental <u>vities</u>		ss-Type <u>vities</u>	Primary Government		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 14,735,783 84,212,831	\$ 17,325,511 82,096,475	\$ 468,765 <u>876,616</u>	\$ 495,545 <u>788,785</u>	\$ 15,204,548 85,089,447	\$ 17,821,056 82,885,260	
Total Assets	98,948,614	99,421,986	<u>1,345,381</u>	1,284,330	100,293,995	100,706,316	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,879,363	1,983,073	166,374	180,939	2,045,737	2,164,012	
Other Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities	5,471,260 <u>79,810,900</u>	4,615,105 82,763,207	337,080 <u>1,225,683</u>	402,380 <u>1,272,435</u>	5,808,340 81,036,583	5,017,485 84,035,642	
Total Liabilities	<u>85,282,160</u>	87,378,312	<u>1,562,763</u>	<u>1,674,815</u>	86,844,923	89,053,127	
Deferred Inflows Of Resources	2,135,664	670,576	207,716	68,778	2,343,380	739,354	
Net Position: Net Invested in							
Capital Assets Restricted	17,273,233	12,933,699	331,238	361,308	17,604,471	13,295,007	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	4,790,582 (8,653,662)	9,455,709 (9,033,237)		_(639,632)	4,790,582 (9,243,624)	9,455,709 (9,672,869)	
Total Net Position	\$ <u>13,410,153</u>	\$ <u>13,356,171</u>	\$ <u>(258,724)</u>	\$ <u>(278,324)</u>	\$ <u>13,151,429</u>	\$ <u>13,077,847</u>	

The City's total assets were \$100,293,995 as of September 30, 2019. Of this amount, \$85,089,447 is accounted for by capital assets, which includes infrastructure.

Of the remaining City assets, \$12,949,177 is accounted for in cash and investments, \$1,882,894 in accounts receivable, \$24,300 in liens receivable, and the remainder spread among miscellaneous assets.

At September 30, 2019, the City had outstanding liabilities of \$86,844,923, of which \$81,036,583 was long-term. Long-term liabilities include warrants and notes payable, compensated absences, accrued landfill closure and post closure care costs, pension liabilities, and the OPEB obligation. Of the total amount outstanding, approximately \$2,817,897 is due within one year, with the remainder due at various dates before 2044.

Included in other liabilities in the above table are \$2,493,592 in accounts payable (most of which will be paid from the general fund and bond funds), the amount of long-term liabilities due within one year of \$2,817,897, and \$309,051 in accrued interest payable.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The City's capital assets are used to provide services to citizens. Consequently, investments in capital assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining unrestricted net position reflect a deficit of (\$9,243,624). This deficit is primarily the result of recording the OPEB obligation of \$5,597,726 and pension liability of \$8,632,452 (See Note 9).

Condensed Statement of Activities For the Years Ended September 30, 2019, and 2018

		nmental vities		ess-Type tivities	Pri	otal mary <u>rnment</u>
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u> 2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u> 2018</u>
Revenues						
Program Revenues: Charges for Services Grants/Contributions General Revenues:	\$ 4,797,840 862,258	\$ 4,366,630 889,807	\$ 1,771,351 -	\$ 1,820,279 -	\$ 6,569,191 862,258	\$ 6,186,909 889,807
Property Taxes	3,165,416	3,172,390	_	-	3,165,416	3,172,390
Sales Taxes	15,639,191	15,026,513	-	-	15,639,191	15,026,513
Other Taxes	3,047,024	2,755,762	-	-	3,047,024	2,755,762
Other General Revenue	<u>757,485</u>	594,747	397	310	<u>757,882</u>	<u>595,057</u>
Total Revenues	28,269,214	26,805,849	<u>1,771,748</u>	<u>1,820,589</u>	30,040,962	28,626,438
Expenses						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	1,596,877	1,469,340	-	-	1,596,877	1,469,340
Public Safety	7,744,737	6,859,487	-	-	7,744,737	6,859,487
Public Works	4,278,558	3,659,610	-	-	4,278,558	3,659,610
Recreation and Cultural	3,005,603	2,853,048	-	-	3,005,603	2,853,048
Nondepartmental	7,841,251	8,011,873	-	-	7,841,251	8,011,873
Interest on Long-Term Debt Business-Type Activities:	2,558,809	2,586,276	-	-	2,558,809	2,586,276
Cemeteries	-	-	41,125	23,520	41,125	23,520
Garbage Collection			1,711,023	<u>1,771,988</u>	1,711,023	1,771,988
Total Expenses	27,025,835	25,439,634	<u>1,752,148</u>	<u>1,795,508</u>	28,777,983	27,235,142
Net Increase (Decrease)	1,243,379	1,366,215	19,600	25,081	1,262,979	1,391,296
Transfers	<u>(1,189,616</u>)	(277,740)			<u>(1,189,616</u>)	(277,740)
Change in Net Position	\$53,763	\$ <u>1,088,475</u>	\$ <u>19,600</u>	\$ <u>25,801</u>	\$ <u>73,363</u>	\$ <u>1,113,556</u>

Total revenues for the City were \$30,040,962 for the year ended September 30, 2019. Governmental activities provided \$28,269,214 or 94.1%, while \$1,771,748 of business-type activities revenue was provided by charges for services and interest income. The governmental activities received \$15,639,151, or 55.3% of total revenue, from sales taxes and \$3,372,062, or 11.9% of total revenue, from business licenses and permits.

Fund Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The total general fund balance increased by \$2,209,306 in 2019 to \$7,122,847. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance was \$6,797,565. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. This is very useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 36.1% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 37.8% of the total general fund expenditures.

Enterprise Funds

The City operates the New Prospect Cemetery and the North Oakhill Cemetery. Lots are sold for \$250 each at New Prospect and \$600 each at North Oakhill. The City normally charges New Prospect \$1,000 for each mowing. The cemeteries will generally operate with a small profit each year, largely as a result of interest income from a certificate of deposit owned by North Oakhill Cemetery. This year New Prospect Cemetery recorded loss from operations of \$(2,741) and North Oakhill Cemetery recorded a loss from operations of \$(4,629).

The City also operates a garbage collection service for the citizens of the City. Current year income from operations was \$44,123.

Budgetary Highlights

The following is a brief review of the budgeting changes from the original to the final budget for the General Fund.

No significant budget changes were made during the year.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets As of September 30, 2019, and 2018 (Net of Depreciation)

Tatal

		rnmental ivities		ess-Type <u>ivities</u>	Pri	mary ernment
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Land Construction in Progress Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 1,746,973 55,163 54,110,268 3,404,597 24,895,830	\$ 1,746,973 3,419,444 56,209,321 3,236,680 17,484,057	\$ 122,500 - 134,726 619,390 -	\$ 122,500 - 148,895 517,390 	\$ 1,869,473 55,163 54,244,994 4,023,987 24,895,830	\$ 1,869,473 3,419,444 56,358,216 3,754,070 17,484,057
Total	\$ <u>84,212,831</u>	\$ <u>82,096,475</u>	\$ <u>876,616</u>	\$ <u>788,785</u>	\$ <u>85,089,447</u>	\$ <u>82,885,260</u>

Capital Assets - Continued

This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, system improvements (drainage and streets), machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$2,204,187 (net of depreciation).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction of roads.
- Development of sidewalks and lighting.

Debt Administration

As of year-end, the City had \$67,484,976 in debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding compared to \$69,590,253 at the end of last year, a \$2,105,277 decrease.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	2019	2018
Governmental:		
Note Payable	\$ 1,591,124	\$ 1,701,152
Note Payable	259,583	294,583
2014 Bond Issue	46,500,000	47,685,000
2009 Bond Issue	205,000	300,000
2012 Bond Issue	284,865	419,448
2015 Bond Issue	3,637,248	3,803,187
Deferred Amounts	3,786,778	3,979,406
2017 Bond Issue	10,675,000	10,980,000
Business-Type:		
Bank Loans	82,288	103,022
2019 Bond Issue	245,338	- -
2015 Bond Issue	217,752	286,813
2012 Bond Issue		37,642
Total Debt	\$ <u>67,484,976</u>	\$ <u>69,590,253</u>

The City issued a general obligation warrant during 2019 in the amount of \$265,000 for purchase of a garbage truck.

Economic Factors

The City of Jasper is largely dependent upon its sales tax revenue for growth in income. In periods of economic decline, the City is faced with increasing taxes, licenses, or user charges as a means to increase revenue or reducing expenses in the form of reductions in services or the number of employees.

Financial Contact

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk on the second floor of City Hall, 400 West 19th Street, Post Office Box 1589, Jasper, Alabama 35502-1589.

		Primary Governme	ent	Comp	onent Units
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Jasper City Board of Education	Industrial Development Board of the City of Jasper, Alabama
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables, Net Liens Receivable Internal Balances Inventories and Prepaids Capital Assets, Net Nondepreciable	12,342,033 - 1,796,846 24,300 247,322 325,282 1,802,136	9,655 86,048 - (247,321)	\$ 12,939,522 9,655 1,882,894 24,300 1 348,176	\$ 12,615,102 10,615,153 2,836,257 - - 68,055 2,165,988	25,666 - - - -
Depreciable	82,410,695	754,116	83,164,811	20,025,522	5,650,780
TOTAL ASSETS	98,948,614	1,345,381	100,293,995	48,326,077	6,813,840
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Charge on Refunding Deferred Outflows	324,294	-	324,294	-	-
Related to Pension Liability	-	-	-	1,740,000	
Employer OPEB Contribution	- 4 FFF 000	-	- 4 704 440	1,148,812	
Contributions to Pension Plan	1,555,069	166,374	1,721,443	1,873,995	<u> </u>
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,879,363	166,374	2,045,737	4,762,807	-
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable Deposit	2,471,223	22,369 187,800	2,493,592 187,800	2,257,558	-
Deferred Revenue	-	-	-	32,362	-
Accrued Interest Payable NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	309,051	-	309,051	248,428	-
Due Within One Year	2,690,986	126,911	2,817,897	735,296	,
Due in More Than One Year	71,985,664		72,404,131	36,023,837	
Net Pension Obligation	7,825,236	807,216	8,632,452	22,070,000	<u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	85,282,160	1,562,763	86,844,923	61,367,481	1,889,922
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue	-	-	-	1,771,207	
Related to OPEB Liability Related to Pension Deferrals	- 2,135,664	- 207,716	- 2,343,380	2,413,263 3,150,000	
Neialed to Pension Deletrais	2,133,004	201,110	2,343,300	3,130,000	<u> </u>
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,135,664	207,716	2,343,380	7,334,470	-
NET POSITION Invested in Capital Assets Restricted for:	17,273,233	331,238	17,604,471	6,366,000	3,760,858
Capital Projects	3,175,729	-	3,175,729	12,444,005	_
Other Purposes	1,614,853	-	1,614,853	71,510	
Unrestricted	(8,653,662)	(589,962)	(9,243,624)	(34,494,581) 1,163,060
TOTAL NET POSITION \$	13,410,153	\$ (258,724)	\$ 13,151,429	\$(15,613,066) \$4,923,918

		ш.	Program Revenues			Primary Government Compor		Compon	Component Units
	TYDER	Charges for	Program Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	Total	Jasper City Board of	Industrial Development Board of the City of Jasper,
FUNCTIONS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities						Solitor	5		במבמונה המים במים במים במים במים במים במים במים ב
General Government	\$ (1,596,877) \$	3,775,629	· ·	\$ 1,000					
Public Safety	(7,744,737)	367,461		. !	(7,377,276)	•	(7,377,276)		•
Public Works	(4,278,558)	40,952		861,258	(3,376,348)		(3,376,348)	•	•
Recreation and Cultural Services Nondepartmental	(3,005,603)	216,088			(2,789,515)		(2,789,515) (7,443,541)		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	(2,558,809)		1		(2,558,809)	1	(2,558,809)	1	1
Total Governmental Activities	(27,025,835)	4,797,840		862,258	(21,365,737)		(21,365,737)		
Business-Type Activities Cemeteries Garbage Collection	(41,125) (1,711,023)	33,755 1,737,596				(7,370) 26,573	(7,370) 26,573		
Total Business-Type Activities	(1,752,148)	1,771,351			1	19,203	19,203		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ (28,777,983) \$	6,569,191	-	\$ 862,258	(21,365,737)	19,203	(21,346,534)	•	•
COMPONENT UNITS Jasper City Board of Education Industrial Development Board	\$ (29,311,784) \$ (464,530)	2,448,629	\$ 18,177,938 \$	\$ 818,073				(7,867,144)	(464,530)
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$ (29,776,314) \$	2,448,629	\$ 18,177,938 \$	\$ 818,073					
	GENERAL REVENUES Sales and Use Taxes Property Tax Licenses and Permits Other Taxes Investment Earnings	ENUES 9 Taxes Permits irnings			15,639,191 3,165,416 - 3,047,024 84,137		15,639,191 3,165,416 - 3,047,024 84,534	6,999,565 1,758,812 - 157,948 47,944	516,269 - 354
	Other General Revenues	l Revenues			673,348		673,348	1,061,967	105,717
	Total General Revenues	al Revenues			22,609,116	397	22,609,513	10,026,236	622,340
	Transfers				(1,189,616)	•	(1,189,616)		
	Changes in Net Position NET POSITION - BEGINN	Changes in Net Position NET POSITION – BEGINNING OF YEAR	JF YEAR		53,763 13,356,390	19,600 (278,324)	73,363 13,078,066	2,159,092 (17,772,158)	157,810 4,766,108
	NET POSITION	NET POSITION – END OF YEAR	~		\$ 13,410,153	\$ (258,724)	\$ 13,151,429 \$	\$ (15,613,066)	\$ 4,923,918

CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2019

	0	General Fund	=	2017 Bond Improvement Fund	Majo 20	Major Funds 2017 Warrant Issue	S	One-Cent Sales Tax	Ü	Other Governmental Funds	Ö	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivable, Net Liens Receivable Due from Other Funds Inventories and Prepaids	₩	6,521,261 1,434,423 24,300 225,649 325,282	l ↔	85	₩	2,833,779 5,423 - -		495,509	 ₩	1,364,899 357,000 - 147,864	 •	12,342,033 1,796,846 24,300 840,179 325,282
TOTAL ASSETS	↔	8,530,915	₩	1,126,585	₩	2,839,202	₩	962,175	\$ ∥	1,869,763	∨	15,328,640
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	↔	1,014,574	₩	1,269,514	€		~		∨	187,135 199,363	₩	2,471,223
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,408,068	ļ	1,269,514						386,498	l	3,064,080
FUND BALANCES Unreserved Nonspendable Fund Balance Restricted Fund Balance Committed Fund Balance Assigned Fund Balance		325,282 - - - 6,797,565	I	- - - (142,929)		2,839,202	I	962,175	l	- 989,205 17,554 476,506		325,282 4,790,582 17,554 476,506 6,654,636
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		7,122,847		(142,929)		2,839,202		962,175		1,483,265		12,264,560
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	↔	8,530,915	∨	1,126,585	₩	2,839,202	₩	962,175	₩	1,869,763	↔	15,328,640

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheet – Continued September 30, 2019

Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds		\$	12,264,560
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.			
Governmental Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 120,782,962 (36,570,131)	_	84,212,831
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds			1,555,069
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.			
Governmental Bonds Payable and Loans Payable Current Year Accrued Interest Accrued Landfill Closure and Post Closure Costs Net Pension Obligation Compensated Absences OPEB Obligation	(66,939,598) (309,051) (266,670) (7,825,236) (1,872,656) (5,597,726)		(82,810,937)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds			(2,135,664)
Advance bond refunding gains and losses cannot be expensed, but must be deferred and amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.			
Advance Refunding Call Premium	324,294	-	324,294
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$_	13,410,153

CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

			Major Funds			
		2017 Bond	2017	(Other	Total
	Fund	Fund	warranı Issue	Sales Tax	Funds	Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 20,881,372 \$			'		\$ 21,851,631
Interest	13,724	108	70,024		281	84,137
Licenses and Permits	3,775,629	•	•		•	3,775,629
Fines and Forfeitures	223,140		•	•	144,321	367,461
Intergovernmental	77,594				130,971	208,565
Charges and Fees	654,750	•	•	•	•	654,750
Rental Income	157,105	•	•	•	•	157,105
Grant Proceeds and Donations	1,000	•	•		861,258	862,258
Miscellaneous	60,055				247,623	307,678
TOTAL REVENUES	25,844,369	108	70,024		2,354,713	28,269,214
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	1,403,988			304	105,155	1,509,447
Public Safety	6,437,489	•		•	16,474	6,453,963
Public Works	2,893,516		•		368,278	3,261,794
Recreation and Cultural Services	2,327,513				255,926	2,583,439
Nondepartmental	3,012,636			•		3,012,636
Intergovernmental	2,741,550		•	•	•	2,741,550
Debt Service Principal	•	•	•	1,185,000	845,550	2,030,550
Interest and Other Charges	•		•	2,238,877	515,227	2,754,104
Capital Outlays	5,010	4,869,900	•	•	1,169,860	6,044,770
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,821,702	4,869,900		3,424,181	3,276,470	30,392,253
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	7,022,667	(4,869,792)	70,024	(3,424,181)	(921,757)	(2,123,039)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Director of Long-Term Debt	,	,		,		i
Transfers In Transfers Out	130,000	4,700,000	- (000 002 7)	4,400,000	2,103,361	11,333,361
	(1,05,546,+)		(+,,,,,,,,,,,,)	(200,000)	(010,818,1)	(12,022,911)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(4,813,361)	4,700,000	(4,700,000)	3,440,000	183,745	(1,189,616)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,209,306	(169,792)	(4,629,976)	15,819	(738,012)	(3,312,655)
FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,913,541	26,863	7,469,178	946,356	2,221,277	15,577,215
FUND BALANCES – END OF YEAR	\$ 7,122,847 \$	(142,929) \$	2,839,202	\$ 962,175	\$ 1,483,265	\$ 12,264,560

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. - 16 -

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities September 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (3,312,655)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Capital Outlays Capitalized	\$	5,997,423
Depreciation		(3,881,067)
Amortization of Bond Discount		179,116
Advanced and Current Refundings	_	(13,896)

2,281,576

Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities 760,130 Contributions to pension plan in prior fiscal year are included on the

Statement of Activities (753,268)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities differ from amounts reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	(257,749)
Change in OPEB Obligations	(852,755)
Accrued Interest	16,179
Pension Expense	168,422
Accrued Closure and Post Closure Costs	(26,667)
	(952,570)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceed repayments.

Bond and Loan Proceeds	-
Principal Payments	2,030,550

2,030,550

CHANGE IN NET POSITION
OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 53,763

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Encumbrances – Budget to Actual General Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	_	Budgete Original	ed A	mounts Final		Actual Amounts		/ariance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_	Original	-	Tillai	-	7111001113	_	(ivegative)
Taxes	\$	19,996,000	\$	20,466,000	\$	20,881,372	\$	415,372
Interest	Ψ	1,200	Ψ	1,200	Ψ	13,724	Ψ	12,524
Licenses and Permits		3,536,500		3,727,500		3,775,629		48,129
Fines and Forfeitures		260,000		252,000		223,140		(28,860)
Intergovernmental		68,000		79,000		78,594		(406)
Charges and Fees		366,300		516,300		654,750		138,450
Rental Income		157,000		157,000		157,105		136,430
Miscellaneous		15,000		43,000		60,055		17,055
Miscellarieous	_	15,000	-	43,000	-	00,033	-	17,000
TOTAL REVENUES		24,400,000		25,242,000		25,844,369		602,369
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		1,537,543		1,537,543		1,403,988		133,555
Public Safety		6,915,290		6,889,090		6,437,489		451,601
Public Works		3,026,130		3,065,080		2,893,516		171,564
Recreation and Cultural Services		2,306,930		2,348,060		2,327,513		20,547
Nondepartmental		3,213,055		3,258,055		3,012,636		245,419
Intergovernmental		2,741,550		2,741,550		2,741,550		-
Capital Outlays	_		_	7,000		5,010	_	1,990
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		19,740,498		19,846,378		18,821,702		1,024,676
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		4,659,502		5,395,622		7,022,667		1,627,045
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		120,000		120,000		130,000		10,000
Transfers Out	_	(4,690,000)		(4,925,850)		(4,943,361)	_	(17,511)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	_	(4,570,000)		(4,805,850)	_	(4,813,361)	_	(7,511)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	_	89,502		589,772	. <u>-</u>	2,209,306	_	1,619,534
FUND BALANCE – BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	4,913,541		4,913,541	. <u>-</u>	4,913,541	_	4,913,541
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$_	5,003,043	\$	5,503,313	\$	7,122,847	\$_	6,533,075

	-	New	PI	oprietary Fu North	nus	·		Total
		Prospect		Oakhill		Garbage		Business-Type
		Cemetery		Cemetery		Collection		Activities
ASSETS	-	Comotory	-	Comotory		Conconori		710071000
Current Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	226,803	\$	102,288	\$	268,398	\$	597,489
Accounts Receivable, Net	·	, -	·	-	·	86,048	·	86,048
Accrued Interest		9,655		-		-		9,655
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Inventory		-	_	-		22,894		22,894
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		236,458		102,288		377,340		716,086
Noncurrent Assets								
Capital Assets								
Land		122,500		-		-		122,500
Equipment and Improvements	-	30,648	-	177,427		3,372,632		3,580,707
		153,148		177,427		3,372,632		3,703,207
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(30,647)		(80,432)		(2,715,512)		(2,826,591)
	-	(00,011)	-	(55,15-)	•	(=,: ::,: :=)		(=,==,==)
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	_	122,501	-	96,995		657,120		876,616
TOTAL ACCETO		250.050		400.000		4 004 400		4 500 700
TOTAL ASSETS		358,959		199,283		1,034,460		1,592,702
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES								
Contributions to Pension Plan		-		-		166,374		166,374
	-		-					
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		-		-		22,369		22,369
Deposit		-		-		187,800		187,800
Due to Other Funds	-		-	-		247,321		247,321
Noncurrent Liabilities		-		-		457,490		457,490
Due Within One Year								
Bonds and Note Payable		_		_		126,911		126,911
Due in More Than One Year						120,011		120,011
Net Pension Obligation		_		_		807,216		807,216
Bonds and Note Payable		-		-		418,467		418,467
•	-		-			,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-		1,810,084		1,810,084
DEFENDED INCLOSES								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES						207 746		207 746
Pension Deferrals	-	-	-	-		207,716		207,716
NET POSITION								
Invested in Capital Assets		122,501		96,995		111,742		331,238
Unrestricted	_	236,458		102,288		(928,708)		(589,962)
TOTAL NET POOLTION	_	050 050	_	400.000	<u>_</u>	(040,000)	•	(050.704)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	358,959	\$	199,283	\$	(816,966)	\$	(258,724)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	_	New		North				Total
		Prospect		Oakhill		Garbage		Business-Type
ODEDATING DEVENUES	_	Cemetery		Cemetery		Collection		Activities
OPERATING REVENUES Sales of Lots	Φ		\$	24,000	\$		\$	24,000
Collection Fees	\$	_	Φ	24,000	Φ	1,737,596	Φ	1,737,596
Interest		9,655		_		-		9,655
Miscellaneous		-		100		_		100
	_							
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		9,655		24,100		1,737,596		1,771,351
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel						050 650		052.652
Vehicle Expenses		-		-		952,653 130,783		952,653 130,783
Repairs and Maintenance		12,150		23,001		149,131		184,282
Depreciation		-		5,728		171,332		177,060
Other		246		-		201,424		201,670
Supplies		-		-		56,681		56,681
Utilities	_	-		-	. ,	31,469		31,469
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	_	12,396		28,729		1,693,473	_	1,734,598
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(2,741)		(4,629)		44,123		36,753
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						(47.550)		(47.550)
Interest Expense Interest Income		-		-		(17,550) 397		(17,550) 397
Transfers In		_		-		-		-
Transfers Out		-		-		_		-
	_		•		•		•	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	-				- ,	(17,153)	-	(17,153)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,741)		(4,629)		26,970		19,600
NET POSITION – BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	361,700		203,912		(843,936)		(278,324)
NET POSITION – END OF YEAR	\$_	358,959	\$	199,283	\$	(816,966)	\$	(258,724)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

			Pr	oprietary Fur	nds			
		New		North				Total
		Prospect		Oakhill		Garbage		Business-Type
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-	Cemetery	-	Cemetery	-	Collection		Activities
	\$	_	\$	24,100	\$	1,778,624	\$	1,802,724
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	•	-	·	-	•	(961,947)	•	(961,947)
Cash Paid to Suppliers	_	(12,396)	-	(23,001)	_	(665,291)		(700,688)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	(12,396)	_	1,099	_	151,386		140,089
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Cash Received from Interest Earnings		-	_	-		397		397
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY								
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-		-		397		397
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	3							
ACTIVITIES						(0.10.0.10)		(2.12.2.17)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	_	-	-	-	-	(619,315)		(619,315)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY								
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-		-		(619,315)		(619,315)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt		_		_		(147,099)		(147,099)
Loan Proceeds		-		-		265,000		265,000
Purchase of Capital Assets		-		-		(264,891)		(264,891)
Cash Paid for Interest Expense	_	-	-	-	-	(17,550)		(17,550)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL								
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-		-		(164,540)		(164,540)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(12,396)		1,099		(632,072)		(643,369)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		239,199		101,189		900,470		1,240,858
	_	,	-		_	•	•	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – END OF YEAR	\$	226,803	\$	102,288	\$	268,398	\$	597,489
	Ψ=	220,000	Ψ	102,200	Ψ=	200,000	Ψ	337, 4 00

Statement of Cash Flows – Continued Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	_	Proprietary Funds New North Prospect Oakhill Garbage					Total Business-Type	
	_	Cemetery	_	Cemetery	_	Collection		Activities
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME								
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(2.741)	φ	(4.620)	φ	44 100	φ	26 752
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)	Ф	(2,741)	Ф	(4,629)	Φ	44,123	\$	36,753
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Depreciation and Amortization		_		5,728		171,332		177,060
Pension Expense		_		-		-		-
Change in Accounts Receivable		(9,655)		_		18,828		9,173
Change in Inventory		-		_		(6,447)		(6,447)
Change in Deferred Outflows and Inflows		_		_		153,503		153,503
Change in Accounts Payable		-		-		(89,356)		(89,356)
Change in Customer Deposits		-		-		22,200		22,200
Change in Net Pension Liability	_		_	-	_	(162,797)	_	(162,797)
			-		_			
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$_	(12,396)	\$_	1,099	\$_	151,386	\$	140,089

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2019

	_	Private Purpose Trust
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	23,858
TOTAL ASSETS		23,858
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	<u>-</u>	30,855
NET POSITION Held in Trusts for Individual	\$	(6,997)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The City of Jasper, Alabama (the "City"), operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates two cemeteries.

The City's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes the ultimate authority on GAAP for state and local governmental units. The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component units, legally separate entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City has no blended component units. On the other hand, the City does have two discretely presented component units. The Jasper City Board of Education has a September 30 year-end and the Industrial Development Board of the City of Jasper, Alabama, has a December 31 year-end.

- Jasper City Board of Education Five members of the Board of Education are appointed by the City and the Board of Education as an agency of the State of Alabama under the general supervision and financial jurisdiction of the Alabama State Department of Education. The City is obligated in some manner for the debt of the Board of Education and the City levies a sales tax specifically for operations of the Board of Education. Complete financial statements for the Jasper City Board of Education may be obtained at the following administrative office: Jasper City Board of Education, 110 17th Street West, P.O. Box 500, Jasper, Alabama 35502-0500.
- Industrial Development Board of the City of Jasper, Alabama The Industrial Development Board members are appointed by the City and the City is obligated in some manner for the debt of the Industrial Development Board. Complete financial statements for the Industrial Development Board may be obtained at the following administrative office: Industrial Development Board, P.O. Box 972, Jasper, Alabama 35502.
- Related Organizations The City is also responsible for appointing a voting majority
 of the boards of other organizations, but the City's financial accountability for these
 organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments or the financial
 resources and obligations of these organizations are immaterial. The City appointed
 a voting majority of the following boards: Jasper Water Works and Sewer Board, Inc.,
 City of Jasper Library Board, City of Jasper Board of Zoning Adjustments, City of
 Jasper Housing Authority, and City of Jasper Medical and Public Building Authority.
 These organizations are related organizations, which have not been included in the
 reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Government-wide financial statements focus on the City as a whole and are designed to allow the users of financial reports to assess the City's *operational accountability*. The fund financial statements focus on major individual funds and are designed to demonstrate the City's *fiscal accountability*. Operational accountability refers to the City's responsibility to report the extent to which it has met its operating objectives efficiently and effectively, using all resources available for that purpose, and whether it can continue to meet those objectives for the foreseeable future. Fiscal accountability is the City's responsibility to demonstrate that its actions in the current period have complied with public decisions concerning the raising and spending of public money in the short-term (usually one budgetary cycle or one year).

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately *from business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net costs per functional category (i.e., general government, public safety, etc.) by offsetting direct expenses with program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

The fund financial statements provide separate financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds (even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements). The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on the City's major funds and each major fund is reported in a separate column. Nonmajor funds of each type are summarized into a single column.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the related liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued

Property taxes, sales and use taxes, beer taxes, lodging taxes, rental and leasing taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. It is used
 to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in
 another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by
 law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund.
 General operating expenditures, fixed charges, and capital improvement costs that
 are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.
- 2017 Bond Improvement Fund This fund is used to account for construction.
- <u>2017 Warrant Issue Fund</u> The 2017 Warrant Issue Fund is a fund used to account for the bonds issued in May 2017.
- One-Cent Sales Tax Fund The One-Cent Sales Tax Fund is a fund used to account for the collection of the additional one-cent sales tax revenue and the disbursements of these funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds to account for the activities associated with the respective cemeteries and garbage services:

- New Prospect Cemetery and North Oakhill Cemetery
- Garbage Collection Fund The Garbage Collection Fund was established to account for garbage service provided by the City. Garbage fees collected from businesses and residents are deposited into this fund. The fees collected for garbage service are used to pay for certain garbage expenses and capital improvements.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> The City's nonmajor special revenue funds are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes, not including those accounted for in capital projects funds.
- <u>Debt Service Funds</u> Debt Service Funds account for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt not financed by proprietary funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued

- <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> The City's nonmajor capital projects funds account for the costs of constructing or acquiring capital assets and major improvements other than those financed by proprietary funds.
- <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs.
 The reporting focus is on net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The City's fiduciary fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other private parties) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, this fund is not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

The City maintains the following fiduciary fund:

• Hazardous Duty Pay – In 1992 the Legislature of the State of Alabama enacted a bill enabling the City of Jasper to levy additional court costs and charges of twelve dollars (\$12) upon any criminal or civil case whose jurisdiction is in the City of Jasper Municipal Court of the 1411 Judicial Circuit. The legislative act requires that money collected from these charges be placed in a special fund known as the Hazardous Duty Pay Fund. As funds are available, each police officer is entitled to hazardous duty pay of \$150 per month, and each jailer is entitled to \$100 per month. Funds are transferred into the Hazardous Duty Pay Fund as court costs are collected, and funds are transferred out as payroll to the police officers and jailers.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers and users for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services and depreciation of capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Management Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued

Budgetary Control

The fiscal year of the City is the twelve-month period beginning October 1. The departments submit to the City Clerk a budget of estimated expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year after which the City Clerk subsequently submits a budget of estimated expenditures and revenues to the City Council. Upon receipt of the budget estimates, the Council holds a public hearing on the proposed budget. After the public hearing, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The City Clerk is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments:

Cash includes cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City. State statutes authorize the City to invest in U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Government agency obligations, U.S. corporate stock, U.S. corporate debt, State of Alabama Government obligations, County Government obligations, and other Municipal Government obligations. All investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include short-term investments with an original maturity date of three months or less.

Accounts Receivable:

Activity between funds that is representative of lending and borrowing arrangements, as well as all other outstanding balances between funds at year-end, are referred to as either due to/from other funds (for the current portion) or advances to/from other funds (for the noncurrent portion). Any outstanding balances between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide statement of net position as "internal balances."

Accounts receivable are written off on an individual basis in the year the City deems them uncollectible. Management has estimated the allowance to be zero. The City grants credit to customers who use its various services, substantially all of whom are local residents or businesses.

Prepaid Items:

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.

Inventories:

Inventories in the general fund consist of expendable supplies held for the City's use and are carried at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Continued

Capital Assets:

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimates useful lives:

Buildings 20 - 50 years
Machinery and Equipment 5 - 10 years
Improvements 10 - 20 years
Other Infrastructure 10 - 50 years

Revenues:

Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied. The City is responsible for levying property taxes, but the taxes are collected by the Walker County Tax Assessor and remitted to the City.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. This category includes deferred charge on refunding reported on the government-wide statement of net position. The deferred charge on refunding is the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or the refunding debt. This category also includes amounts related to pensions for certain actuarially determined differences projected and actual investment earnings.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, this category includes revenue received in advance and amounts related to pensions for certain actuarially determined differences between projected and actual experience.

Expenditures:

Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred.

Compensated Absences:

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employeerelated costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Continued

Interfund Activity:

Interfund activity is reported as services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Net Position:

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund net position are divided into three components:

- <u>Invested in capital assets</u> consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any outstanding debt used to finance those assets.
- Restricted net position consists of net position that is restricted by the City's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors (including those who have donated to the City's parks endowment).
- Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

Governmental Fund Balances:

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which the resources can be used:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable amounts consist of inventories and prepaids at September 30, 2019.
- <u>Restricted</u> includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Restricted amounts are for construction and debt service at September 30, 2019.
- <u>Committed</u> includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes.
 Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to ordinances passed by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through ordinances approved by the City Council. Committed amounts are for capital improvements at September 30, 2019.
- <u>Assigned</u> includes amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but
 do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Amounts may be
 assigned by the City Clerk or other City management.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Continued

Governmental Fund Balances - Continued:

 <u>Unassigned</u> – includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed, or assigned for a specific purpose within the General Fund. The City reports all amounts that are not classified in the above categories as unassigned.

As of September 30, 2019, fund balances are composed of the following:

Nonspendable:		General <u>Fund</u>		017 Bon proveme <u>Fund</u>	2017 Warran <u>Issue</u>	t		e-Cent es Tax	Go	Other vernmenta <u>Funds</u>	l Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
Inventories Prepaid Items	\$	16,687 308,595	\$	-	\$ -		\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,687 308,595
Restricted: Construction Debt Service Other Projects		- - -		-	2,839,20)2	962	- 2,175 -		336,527 196,019 456,659		3,175,729 1,158,194 456,659
Committed: Construction Debt Service		- -		-	-			-		17,548 6		17,548 6
Assigned: Construction Animal Shelter Miscellaneous		- - -		- - -	- - -			- - -		19 129,280 347,207		19 129,280 347,207
Unassigned:	<u>(</u>	6,797,56 <u>5</u>	(<u>14</u>	1 <u>2,929</u>)		_			-		_	6,654,636
	\$	7,122,847	\$ (<u>14</u>	12,929)	\$ 2,839,20	<u>12</u>	\$ <u>962</u>	<u>2,175</u>	\$ <u>1</u>	,483,265	\$ <u>1</u>	2,264,560

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Subsequent Events:

In preparing the financial statements, management evaluated subsequent events through September 11, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> – This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk; however, none of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk. All of the City's bank balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement (SAFE) Program. The SAFE Program is a multiple financial collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer according to State of Alabama statute.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment securities as a means of managing its exposure to fair-value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of September 30, 2019, for the City's individual major and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General <u>Fund</u>	2017 Warrant <u>Issue</u>	Garbage Collection	Other Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Taxes and Intergovernmental Accounts	\$ 1,223,701 235,022	\$ - <u>5,423</u>	\$ - <u>86,048</u>	\$ 357,000	\$ 1,580,701 <u>326,493</u>
Gross Receivables Less Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	1,458,723	5,423 	86,048	357,000	1,907,194
Net Receivables	\$ <u>1,458,723</u>	\$ <u>5,423</u>	\$ <u>86,048</u>	\$ <u>357,000</u>	\$ <u>1,907,194</u>

NOTE 4. **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

		Balance 10/01/18	Additions/ Completions	F	Retirements/ <u>Transfers</u>	Balance 09/30/19
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not	\$	1,746,973 3,419,444	\$ - <u>248,854</u>	\$	- \$ 3,613,135	1,746,973 55,163
Being Depreciated		5,166,417	248,854		3,613,135	1,802,136
Capital Assets Being Depreciate Buildings and Improvements Equipment	ed:	66,606,430 14,920,928	12,658 812,205		- 42,883	66,619,088 15,690,250
Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being		28,091,764	8,579,724			36,671,488
Depreciated		109,619,122	9,404,587		42,883	118,980,826
Less Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements	foi		2,111,711			12 500 020
Equipment		10,397,109 11,684,248	644,288		42,883	12,508,820 12,285,653
Infrastructure		10,607,707	<u>1,167,951</u>			11,775,658
Total Accumulated Depreciation		32,689,064	3,923,950		42,883	36,570,131
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net Governmental Activities Capital		76,930,058	<u>5,480,637</u>			82,410,695
Assets, Net	\$	82,096,475	\$ <u>5,729,491</u>	\$	<u>3,613,135</u> \$	84,212,831
Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land and Land Rights Total Capital Assets Not	\$	122,500	\$	\$	\$	122,500
Being Depreciated		122,500				122,500
Capital Assets Being Depreciate	ed:	400.000				100.000
Buildings and Improvements Equipment		462,390 2,853,426	- 264,891		-	462,390 3,118,317
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		3,315,816	264,891		-	3,580,707
Less Accumulated Depreciation	foi		44.400			007.004
Buildings and Improvements Equipment		313,495 2,336,036	14,169 <u>162,891</u>		<u>-</u>	327,664 2,498,927
Total Accumulated Depreciation	l	2,649,531	177,060	-		2,826,591
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		666,285	87,831		_	754,116
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	788,785		\$	\$	
•		· – –		. =		

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS – CONTINUED

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: General Government Intergovernmental Nondepartmental Public Safety Public Works Recreation and Cultural Services	\$ 40,083 1,732,480 354,585 384,541 990,097 422,164
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$ <u>3,923,950</u>
Business-Type Activities: Garbage Services Cemeteries	\$ 171,332 5,728
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-Type Activities	\$ <u>177,060</u>

Discretely Presented Component Units

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD OF THE CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA

	Balance 01/01/19	Additions/ Completions	Retirements/ Transfers	Balance 12/31/19
Business-Type Activities:		<u> </u>		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 3,816,334	\$ 46,588	\$ -	\$ 3,862,922
Buildings	<u>1,939,090</u>			<u>1,939,090</u>
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	<u>5,755,424</u>	<u>46,588</u>	<u> </u>	<u>5,802,012</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:	<u>101,512</u>	<u>49,720</u>		<u>151,232</u>
Business-Type Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ <u>5,653,912</u>	\$ <u>(3,132</u>)	\$	\$ <u>5,650,780</u>

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS – CONTINUED

JASPER CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Capital Assets Not Being	Balance 10/01/18	Additions/ Completions	Retirements Transfers	8/ Balance 09/30/19
Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 1,933,606 604,124 2,537,730	\$ 54,264 818,925 873,189	\$ - 1,244,931 1,244,931	\$ 1,987,870 178,118 2,165,988
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Land Improvements – Exhaustible Buildings Building Improvements Equipment Vehicles	532,125 16,257,941 10,152,207 1,332,090 2,021,747	1,244,931 - 1,146,114 349,082 144,982	- - - 156,879 -	1,777,056 16,257,941 11,298,321 1,524,293 2,166,729
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	30,296,110	2,885,109	156,879	33,024,340
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Land Improvements – Exhaustible Buildings Building Improvements Equipment Vehicles	293,122 8,874,858 1,262,041 866,647 1,209,742	51,253 310,447 107,014 46,870 133,205	- - - 156,381 	344,375 9,185,305 1,369,055 757,136 1,342,947
Total Accumulated Depreciation	12,506,410	648,789	156,381	12,998,818
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	17,789,700	2,236,320	498	20,025,522
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>20,327,430</u>	\$ <u>3,109,509</u>	\$ <u>1,245,429</u>	\$ <u>22,191,510</u>
Depreciation expense was charged as follows:	as direct expen	se to program	s of the Board	d of Education
Instructional Services Instructional Support Services Operation and Maintenance Student Transportation Services Food Services General Administrative Services				\$ 451,030 27,809 9,702 132,982 22,514 4,752
Total Depreciation Expense – Govern	mental Activities	3		\$ <u>648,789</u>

NOTE 5. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at September 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

		Du	e to:	
	One-Cent	General	0.11	-
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
Due from:				
General Fund	\$ 366,666	\$ -	\$ 26,829	\$ 393,495
Downtown Tap	-	80,000	-	80,000
Garbage	-	131,564	115,757	247,321
Whitehouse Road Fund	-	14,000	-	14,000
Foothills Festival Fund	-	85	-	85
Downtown Tap II	<u>100,000</u>		5,278	<u>105,278</u>
Total	\$ <u>466,666</u>	\$ <u>225,649</u>	\$ <u>147,864</u>	\$ <u>840,179</u>

The balances receivable in each of the funds shown above resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

	Transfer in:									
		2017 Bond								
	Gen	General Improvement One-Cent All								
	<u>Fu</u>	<u>nd</u>	<u> </u>	-und	Sale	s Tax		Others		<u>Total</u>
Transfer Out:			_	<u>-</u>			-	<u>.</u>		
One-Cent Sales Tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	960,000	\$	960,000
2017 Warrant Issue		-	4,7	00,000		-		-		4,700,000
General Fund		-		-	4,40	00,000		543,361		4,943,361
All Others	<u>130</u>	,000		<u> </u>			_	600,000	_	730,000
Total	\$ <u>130</u>	,000	\$ <u>4,7</u>	00,000	\$ <u>4,40</u>	00,000	\$ 2	2,103,361	\$ <u>1</u>	1,333,361

Transfers are primarily used to move funds:

NOTE 6. LITIGATION

There are pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. The City Attorney estimates that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

The City and the Board of Education have received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. City management believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

For various capital projects and debt service.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City carries traditional insurance coverage rather than self-insurance.

NOTE 8. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

General Obligation Warrants

General Obligation ("GO") Warrants are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power of the payment of the debt obligations of the City. GO Warrants require the City to compute at the time other taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity (the City is in compliance with this requirement).

On September 22, 2009, the City issued \$5,680,000 of General Obligation Warrants. The bonds carry interest rates of 3.00% to 4.00% and mature between January 1, 2010, and January 1, 2021. The proceeds of the bond were used to fully refund outstanding balances in 1998 GO Warrants, 2002 GO Warrants, and 2006 GO Warrants. The remaining proceeds were used to purchase property through the City's Project Fund.

On July 10, 2012, the City issued \$2,076,000 of General Obligation Warrants. The bonds mature on August 1, 2022, at an interest rate of 2%. The entire amount of the bond proceeds was used to purchase various equipment for use throughout the City.

On April 29, 2014, the City issued \$50,760,000 of General Obligation Warrants. The bonds mature on March 1 in years from 2015 through 2044 and carry interest rates of 2.00% to 5.00%. The bonds proceeds are being used to construct a new high school.

In August 2015, the City issued \$4,780,000 of General Obligation Warrants. Bonds mature May 1 in years 2016 through 2032 and carry interest rates from 2.00% to 4.00%. The bond proceeds are being used for equipment and infrastructure.

In May 2017, the City issued \$10,980,000 of General Obligation Warrants. Bonds mature May 1 in years 2019 through 2034 and carry interest rates from 2.00% to 4.00%. The bond proceeds are being used for capital improvements and equipment.

NOTE 8. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

General Obligation Warrants - Continued

At September 30, 2019, warrants payable consisted of the following individual issues:

	Governmental	Business-Type
2015 General Obligation Warrants dated August 2015, due semi-annual installments May 1 and November 1 each year through 2032, bearing interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%.	\$ 3,637,248	\$ 217,752
2014 General Obligation Warrants dated April 29, 2014, due in semi-annual installments through March 1, 2044, bearing interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%.	46,500,000	-
2009 General Obligation Warrants, dated September 22, 2009, due in semi-annual installments through January 1, 2021, bearing interest ranging from 3.00% to 4.00%.	-	
2012 General Obligation Warrants, dated July 10, 2012, due in monthly installments through August 1, 2022, with an interest rate of 2.00%.	205,000 284,865	<u>-</u>
2017 General Obligation Warrants, dated May 2017, due in semi-annual installments May 1 through November 1 each year through 2034, bearing interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%	10,675,000	-
2019 General Obligation Warrant, dated February 2019, due in monthly installments of \$3,568, bearing Interest of 3.55%, secured by equipment		<u>245,338</u>
Total Warrants Payable	\$ <u>61,302,113</u>	\$ <u>463,090</u>

NOTE 8. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

Notes Payable - Governmental

In April 2016, the City purchased a building (Jasper Civic Center), secured by building, installments of \$11,233 are paid monthly beginning October 2017, interest is fixed at 1.50%. The balance will be paid in full with the September 2032 payment. Loan balance at September 30, 2019, is \$1,591,124.

In February 2017, the City borrowed \$350,000 from Powersouth Energy, for the purpose of energy efficient improvements. Monthly installments are payable through 2027 at 0.00% interest. The balance at September 30, 2019, was \$259,583.

Notes Payable - Business-Type

At September 30, 2019, notes payable consisted of the following:

First National Bank installment note, dated June 2016, due in monthly installments through May 2023, secured by garbage truck, interest fixed at 3.40%.

\$82,288

Total Notes Payable

\$82,288

Current Year Transactions

Transactions for the year ended September 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities: Bonds/Notes Payable: General Obligation					
Warrants	\$ 63,187,635	\$ -	\$ 1,885,522	\$ 61,302,113	\$ 1,980,299
Notes Payable	1,995,735	-	145,028	1,850,707	146,690
Deferred Amounts	3,979,406		<u>192,628</u>	3,786,778	<u> 189,466</u>
Total Governmental Warrants and Notes Payable	69,162,776	_	2,223,178	66,939,598	2,316,455
Other Liabilities: Accrued Landfill and					
Post Closure Costs	240,003	26,667	-	266,670	-
Compensated Absences	1,614,907	257,749	-	1,872,656	374,531
OPEB Obligation	<u>4,744,971</u>	<u>1,228,149</u>	375,394	5,597,726	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ <u>75,762,657</u> \$	\$ 1 512 565	\$ 2,598,572	\$ 74,676,650	\$ <u>2,690,986</u>
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Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 8. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities: Bonds/Notes Payable: General Obligation					
Warrants	\$ 324,455	\$ 265,000	\$ 126,365	\$ 463,090	\$ 105,461
Long-Term Notes	103,022		20,734	82,288	21,450
Total Business-Type Warrants and					
Notes Payable	\$ <u>427,477</u>	\$ <u>265,000</u>	\$ <u>147,099</u>	\$ <u>545,378</u>	\$ <u>126,911</u>

NOTE 8. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Future debt service to maturities for warrants and notes payable outstanding:

	_	Total		2020		2021		2022	_	2023	_	2024		2025 - 2029	_	2030 - 2034		2035 - 2039	_	2040 - 2044
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	3																			
GOW Series 2015																				
Principal	\$	3,637,248	\$	179,206	\$	177,473	\$		\$	265,000	\$	275,000	\$		\$	1,035,000	\$	-	\$	-
Interest	_	1,002,934		125,483		119,688		113,988		108,750		100,800		350,825	_	83,400		-	_	
Total	_	4,640,182		304,689	-	297,161	-	294,557	-	373,750	-	375,800		1,875,825	_	1,118,400		-	_	
GOW Series 2012																				
Principal	\$	284,865	\$	101,093	\$	103,177	\$	80,595	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
Interest	Ť	9.241	•	5.173	•	3.090	•	978	•	_	•	-	•	-	•	_	•	-	Ψ.	_
Total		294,106		106,266		106,267		81,573		-		-	-	-	_	-		-	_	
GOW Series 2014																				
Principal	\$	46.500.000	\$	1,235,000	\$	1.300.000	\$	1,360,000	\$	1.425.000	\$	1.500.000	\$	6.775.000	\$	8.425.000	\$	10.720.000	\$	13.760.000
Interest	Ψ	32,849,932	Ψ	2,193,363	Ψ	2,136,162	Ψ	2,069,663	Ψ	2,000,037	Ψ	1,926,913	Ψ	8,778,681	Ψ	7,122,863	Ψ	4,833,500	Ψ	1,788,750
Total	-	79,349,932		3,428,363	-	3,436,162	-	3,429,663	-	3,425,037	-	3,426,913	-	15,553,681	_	15,547,863	-	15,553,500	-	15,548,750
	_		• 0		-						-		-		_		-		_	
GOW Series 2017	•	10.075.055		005.005	_	000.000		505.005		500.055	•	505.000	_	0.405.055	_	4.045.055	•			
Principal	\$	10,675,000	\$	365,000	\$,	\$	505,000	\$	580,000	\$	595,000	\$	3,435,000	\$	4,815,000	\$	-	\$	-
Interest Total	_	3,308,150 13,983,150		344,190 709,190	-	333,240 713,240	-	321,840 826,840	-	313,255 893,255	-	302,525 897,525	-	1,181,825 4,616,825	-	511,275 5,326,275			-	
Total	-	13,963,150		709,190	-	713,240	-	020,040	-	693,233	-	097,323		4,010,020	_	5,326,275			-	
GOW Series 2009																				
Principal	\$	205,000	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest	_	8,300		6,200	_	2,100	_	-		-	_	-		-	_	-		-	_	
Total	_	213,300		106,200	-	107,100	-		-		_	-		-	_	-		-	_	
Powersouth Energy																				
Principal	\$	259,583	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	84,583	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total	_	259,583		35,000		35,000		35,000		35,000		35,000		84,583	_	-		-	_	-
Note Payable - JCC																				
Principal	\$	1,591,124	\$	111,690	\$	113,377	\$	115,090	\$	116,828	\$	118,592	\$	620,376	\$	395,171	\$	_	\$	_
Interest	Ψ	161,165	Ψ	23.101	Ψ	21,414	Ψ	19.702	Ψ	17.963	Ψ	16,199	Ψ	53,581	Ψ	9,205	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Total	-	1,752,289		134,791	-	134,791	-	134,792	-	134,791	-	134,791		673,957	_	404,376		-	_	-
T. 1.0																				
Total Governmental Activities Principal	\$	63,152,820	\$	2,126,989	\$	2,214,027	\$	2,276,254	\$	2,421,828	\$	2,523,592	\$	12,439,959	\$	14.670.171	\$	10,720,000	\$	13,760,000
Interest	Ф	37,339,722	Ф	2,126,969	Ф	2,615,694	Ф	2,526,171	Ф	2,421,020	Ф	2,323,392	Ф	10,364,912	Ф	7,726,743	Ф	4,833,500	Ф	1,788,750
Total	-	100.492.542		4.824.499	-	4.829.721	-	4.802.425	-	4.861.833	-	4.870.029	-	22.804.871	-	22.396.914		15.553.500	-	15,548,750
· otal	=	100,102,012		1,021,100	=	1,020,721	=	1,002,120	=	1,001,000	=	1,010,020	-	22,001,011	=	22,000,011		10,000,000	-	10,010,100
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES																				
COM Series 2010																				
GOW Series 2019 Principal	\$	245,338	\$	34,667	\$	35,918	\$	37,214	\$	38,556	\$	39,948	\$	59,035	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Interest	Ψ	29.370	Ψ	8,149	Ψ	6,898	Ψ	5.602	Ψ	4,259	Ψ	2,868	Ψ	1,594	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Total	=	274,708		42,816	-	42,816	-	42,816	-	42,815	-	42,816	-	60,629	_	-		-	_	-
					_															
GOW Series 2015		047.750	•	70 704		70 507	•	74 404	•		\$		•		\$		•		•	
Principal Interest	\$	217,752 12,541	ф	70,794 5,917	\$	72,527 4,212	Ф	74,431 2,412	Ф	-	Ф	-	\$	-	Ф	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total	-	230,293	•	76,711	-	76,739	-	76,843	-		-		-		-				-	
	-		•		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Note Payable																				
Principal	\$	82,288	\$		\$		\$	22,958	\$	15,689	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest	_	5,344		2,466	-	1,725	-	958	-	195	_	-		-	_	-		-	_	
Total	-	87,632		23,916	-	23,916	-	23,916	-	15,884	-	-			-	-	-		-	
Total Business-Type Activities																				
Principal	\$	545,378	\$	126,911	\$		\$	134,603	\$	54,245	\$	39,948	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest	_	47,255		16,532	_	12,835	_	8,972	_	4,454	_	2,868	_	1,594	_	-		-	_	
Total	-	592,633		143,443	-	143,471		143,575	-	58,699		42,816		60,629	_	-		-	_	

NOTE 8. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

Advance Refunding of Long-Term Debt

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, the City issued \$5,680,000 of general obligation warrants, of which \$5,260,955 was placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments through the year 2021 on the City's Series 1998, 2002, and 2006 general obligation warrants. As a result, the refunded warrants are considered to be defeased, and the liabilities have been removed from the financial statements.

Jasper City Board of Education

Long-Term liability obligations for the year ended September 30, 2019, are as follows:

Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
\$ 6,844,314	\$ -	\$ 292,312	\$ 6,552,002	\$ 301,081
- m <u>-</u>	8,088,304 1,205,378	- 20,174	8,088,304 1,185,204	274,285 60,521
le 6,844,314	9,293,682	312,486	15,825,510	635,887
152,572	6,905	-	159,477	99,409
, ,		90,000		-
<u>19,003,968</u>	<u>1,770,178</u>		<u>20,774,146</u>	
41,316,540	<u>1,777,083</u>	90,000	43,003,623	99,409
\$ 48.160.854	\$ <u>11.070.765</u>	\$ 402.486	\$ <u>58.829.133</u>	\$ 735.296
	Balance \$ 6,844,314 m lle 6,844,314	Balance Additions \$ 6,844,314 \$ - - 8,088,304 1,205,378 He 6,844,314 9,293,682 - 152,572 6,905 22,160,000 - 19,003,968 1,770,178	Balance Additions Reductions \$ 6,844,314 - \$ 292,312 - 8,088,304 - - 1,205,378 20,174 - 152,572 6,905 - 22,160,000 - 90,000 19,003,968 1,770,178 - 41,316,540 1,777,083 90,000	Balance Additions Reductions Balance \$ 6,844,314 - \$ 292,312 \$ 6,552,002 - 8,088,304 - 8,088,304 - 1,205,378 20,174 1,185,204 - 16 6,844,314 9,293,682 312,486 15,825,510 - 152,572 6,905 - 159,477 22,160,000 - 90,000 22,070,000 19,003,968 1,770,178 - 20,774,146 41,316,540 1,777,083 90,000 43,003,623

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at September 30, 2019, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 575,366	\$ 521,100 \$	1,096,466
2021	570,373	525,725	1,096,098
2022	593,702	503,408	1,097,110
2023	617,311	480,112	1,097,423
2024	641,207	455,826	1,097,033
2025 – 2029	3,606,322	1,877,907	5,484,229
2030 – 2034	4,372,118	1,112,267	5,484,385
2035 – 2039	3,663,907	324,874	3,988,781
Totals	\$ <u>14,640,306</u>	\$ <u>5,801,219</u> \$	<u>20,441,525</u>

NOTE 8. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

Industrial Development Board of the City of Jasper, Alabama

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities: Bonds/Notes Payable:					
Revenue Bond	\$ 581,160	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 581,160	\$ 581,160
Note Payable – Bank	<u>1,308,762</u>			<u>1,308,762</u>	
Total Business-Type Warrar and Notes Payable	nts \$ <u>1,889,922</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>1,889,922</u>	\$ <u>581,160</u>

Aggregate maturities required on notes payable are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
12/31/19 After 12/31/19	\$ 581,160 <u>1,308,762</u>	\$ 31,362 	\$ 612,522 1,308,762
Total	\$ <u>1,889,922</u>	\$ <u>31,362</u>	\$ <u>1,921,284</u>

Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care Cost

State and Federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill sites when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense of the public works function in each period based on landfill capacity used as of fiscal year end. It is estimated that the landfill is at 60% capacity.

The \$266,670 reported as landfill closure and post closure care liability at September 30, 2019, represents the cumulative amount reported to date, based on the expected capacity of 11 years. The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post closure care of \$175,692 as the remaining capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care in 2019. The City expects to close the landfill in 2029. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulation.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN

Pensions. The Employees' Retirement System of Alabama (the Plan) financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to the plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The Employees' Retirement System of Alabama, an agency multiple-employer plan, was established October 1, 1945, under the provisions of Act 515 of the Legislature of 1945 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for state employees, State Police, and on an elective basis, to all cities, counties, towns, and quasi-public organizations. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of ERS is vested in its Board of Control. The ERS Board of Control consists of 13 trustees. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). Title 36-Chapter 27 of the Code of Alabama grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the ERS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

The ERS Board of Control consists of 13 trustees as follows:

- 1) The Governor, ex officio.
- 2) The State Treasurer, ex officio.
- 3) The State Personnel Director, ex officio.
- 4) The State Director of Finance, ex officio.
- 5) Three vested members of ERS appointed by the Governor for a term of four years, no two of whom are from the same department of state government nor from any department of which an ex officio trustee is the head.
- 6) Six members of ERS who are elected by members from the same category of ERS for a term of four years as follows:
 - a. Two retired members with one from the ranks of retired state employees and one from the ranks of retired employees of a city, county, or a public agency each of whom is an active beneficiary of ERS.
 - b. Two vested active state employees.
 - c. Two vested active employees of an employer participating in ERS pursuant to § 36-27-6.

Benefits Provided. State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the ERS. Benefits for ERS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. State employees who retire after age 60 (52 for State Police) with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Local employees who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 or 30 years of service (regardless of age), depending on the particular entity's election, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the ERS (except State Police) are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. State police are allowed 2.875% for each year of State Police service in computing the formula method.

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012 established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 ERS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 (56 for State Police) with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the ERS (except State Police) are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. State Police are allowed 2.375 % for each year of State Police service in computing the formula method.

Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member as reported to the Plan for the preceding year ending September 30 are paid to the beneficiary.

The ERS serves approximately 909 local participating employers. The ERS membership includes approximately 90,999 participants. As of September 30, 2018, membership consisted of:

City

	City
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	117
Vested Inactive Members	3
Nonvested Inactive Members	26
Active Members	194
Post-DROP participants still in active service	
Total	<u>340</u>

Contributions. Tier 1 covered members of the ERS (except State Police and certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters) contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the ERS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, Tier 1 covered members of the ERS (except State Police and certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters) were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, Tier 1 covered members of the ERS (except State Police and certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters) are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Tier 1 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of ERS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, Tier 1 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS are required to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation. Tier 1 State Police of the ERS contribute 10% of earnable compensation. ERS local participating employers are not required by statute to increase contribution rates for their members.

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Tier 2 covered members of the ERS (except State Police and certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters) contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the ERS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation. Tier 2 State Police members of the ERS contribute 10% of earnable compensation. These contributions rates are the same for Tier 2 covered members of ERS local participating employers.

The ERS establishes rates based upon an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability, the pre-retirement death benefit and administrative expenses of the Plan. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City's active employee contribution rate was 11.00% of covered employee payroll, and the city's average contribution rate to fund the normal and accrued liability costs was 6.06% of pensionable payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2019, was 13.49% of pensionable pay for Tier 1 employees and 10.24% of pensionable pay for Tier 2 employees. These required contribution rates are based upon the actuarial valuation dated September 30, 2016, a percent of annual pensionable payroll, and actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan were \$885,204 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as September 30, 2017, rolled forward to September 30, 2018, using standard roll-forward techniques as shown in the following table:

		<u>Expected</u>		<u>Actual</u>	
Total Pension Liability					
As of September 30, 2017	(a)	\$ 31	,252,681	\$	29,688,929
Discount Rate	(b)		7.75%		7.70%
Entry Age Normal Cost for					
October 1, 2017 – September 30, 2018	(c)	\$	583,569	\$	588,729
Transfers Among Employers	(d)	\$	-	\$	(18,924)
Actual Benefit Payments and Refunds for					
October 1, 2017 – September 30, 2018	(e)	\$ (<u>2</u>	2 <u>,351,890</u>)	\$	(2,351,890)
Total Pension Liability					
As of September 30, 2018					
$[(a) \times (1+(b))] + (c) + (d) + [(e) \times (1+0.5x(b))]$	(f)	\$ <u>31</u>	,815,307	\$	30,102,343
Difference Between Expected and Actual	(g)			\$	(1,863,912)
Less Liability Transferred for Immediate	,,,				,
Recognition	(h)			\$	(18,924)
Experience (Gain)/Loss = (g) – (h)	(i)			\$	(1,844,948)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75% Salary increases 3.25% – 5.00% Investment rate of return* 7.70%

Mortality rates for ERS were based on the sex distinct RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 with an adjustment of 125% at all ages for males and 120% for females at ages on and after 78. The rates of mortality for the period after disability retirement are according to the sex distinct RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with Scale BB to 2020 with an adjustment of 130% at all ages for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an investigation of the economic and demographic experience for the ERS based upon participant data as of September 30, 2015. The Board of Control accepted and approved these changes in September 2016, which became effective at the beginning of fiscal year 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate of
	Allocation	Return*
Fixed Income	17.00%	4.40%
U.S. Large Stocks	32.00%	8.00%
U.S. Mid Stocks	9.00%	10.00%
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	12.00%	9.50%
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.00%	11.00%
Alternatives	10.00%	10.10%
Real Estate	10.00%	7.50%
Cash	3.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.50%.

^{*}Net of pension plan investment expense

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was the long-term rate of return, 7.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the funding policy adopted by the ERS Board of Control. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	<u>(a)-(b)</u>	
Balances at 9/30/2017	\$ 31,252,681	\$ 20,740,758	\$ 10,511,923	
Dalariocs at 0/00/2017	Ψ <u>01,202,001</u>	Ψ <u>20,7 40,7 30</u>	Ψ 10,011,020	
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	583,569	-	583,569	
Interest	2,330,947	-	2,330,947	
Changes in Assumptions	150,948	-	150,948	
Differences Between Expected				
and Actual Experience	(1,844,988)	-	(1,844,988)	
Contributions – Employer	-	836,981	(836,981)	
Contributions – Employee	-	396,113	(396,113)	
Net Investment Income	-	1,866,853	(1,866,853)	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of				
Employee Contributions	(2,351,890)	(2,351,890)	-	
Administrative Expenses	-	-	-	
Transfers Among Employers	(18,924)	(18,924)		
Net Changes	<u>(1,150,338</u>)	729,133	(1,879,471)	
Balances at 9/30/2018	\$ <u>30,102,343</u>	\$ <u>21,469,891</u>	\$ <u>8,632,452</u>	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the City's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.70%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.70%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	(6.70%)	(7.70%)	(8.70%)
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 11,967,855	\$ 8,632,452	\$ 5,811,070

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability - Continued

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 68 Report for the ERS prepared as of September 30, 2018. The auditors' report dated August 17, 2019, on the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position by Employer and accompanying notes is also available. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at http://www.rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$702,685. At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	s Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	e \$ 177,530	\$ 1,622,174
Changes of Assumptions	658,709	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	721,206
Employer Contributions Subsequent		
to the Measurement Date	<u>885,204</u>	
Total	\$ <u>1,721,443</u>	\$ <u>2,343,380</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:

2020	\$ 771,898
2021	(383,016)
2022	(362,712)
2023	(363,702)
2024	(284,405)
Thereafter	<u> </u>
Total	\$ (<u>621,937</u>)

Other Post-Employment Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u>: In December 1988, the City approved a motion to extend medical/dental benefits to retirees of the City. The City provides post-retirement medical/dental benefits to all retirees with 25 years of service or to those age 60 with 10 years of service and before Medicare eligibility. Employees hired after November 4, 2008, are not eligible for City subsidized retiree health benefits. The benefits continue to age 65. These benefits are provided through the Local Government Health Insurance Programs administered by the Alabama State Employee Insurance Board.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – Continued

<u>Funding Policies</u>: The City is subsidizing premiums paid for retirees at 85% of the premium amount. The retiree is responsible for the remaining 15%. As of September 30, 2019, there were 86 former employees and family members that were receiving benefits. The City finances the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized \$346,150 of expenditures.

The adoption date for the new GASB 75 OPEB Accounting Standard was for the Fiscal Year beginning October 1, 2017. The following shows the development of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL), the Total OPEB Expense, the Schedule of Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and the Trend and Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.

Net OPEB Liability (NOL)

The Standard sets the method of determining the City's Total OPEB Liability and Net OPEB Liability. The Net OPEB Liability is the difference between the Total OPEB liability and the Plan Fiduciary Net Position. The Plan Fiduciary Net Position is zero for plans with no dedicated plan assets. To be included as assets of the plan the assets must be held in an irrevocable trust for the exclusive purpose of providing post-retirement benefits. Changes in benefit terms are recognized immediately. Changes in assumptions and experience gains/losses are amortized over the average remaining service of active employees and inactive participants. Investment gains/losses are amortized over five (5) years.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

Beginning Net OPEB obligation – 10/1/2018	\$ 4,744,971
Service Cost Interest Cost	60,633 185,025
OPEB cost Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Change in Assumptions Contributions	245,658 389,442 593,049 (375,394)
Change in net OPEB obligation	852,755
Ending Net OPEB obligation – 9/30/19	\$ <u>5,597,726</u>

Total OPEB Expense

Part of the disclosure is the Total OPEB Expense included in the financial statements each fiscal year. This expense includes the service cost, interest cost, and the amortized amount of each basis required by GASB 75.

Other Post-Employment Benefits - Continued

Total OPEB Expense		FY2018
Service Cost at October 1, 2018 Interest Cost (including interest on Service Cost) Changes of Benefit Terms Current Recognized Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs (Other Changes, if Significant) Difference of Projected Investment Earnings	\$	60,633 185,025 - - 389,442 593,049 - -
Total OPEB Expense as of September 30, 2019	\$ _	1,228,149

GASB75 requires disclosure of the deferred inflows/outflows resulting from the changes in the Total OPEB liability each year. Included will be a schedule showing the original amortization amount, the years to be amortized, and the remaining balance.

Schedule of Deferred Inflows/Outflows		Deferred Outflows Deferred Infloor of Resources of Resources			
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumption/Inputs Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investmen	Ψ	- - -	\$	- - -	
Total	\$_		\$_	<u>-</u>	

Sensitivity Analysis of the Trend and Discount Rate

GASB75 requires that a sensitivity analysis of the trend and discount rate used in the valuation. The sensitivity is plus or minus 1% from the base rates used in the valuation. The values shown are as of September 30, 2019.

<u>Trend</u>	Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>	% Difference
1% Decrease (4.00%) Current Trend 5.00%	\$ 5,110,310 5,597,726	-8.7%
1% Increase (6.00%)	6,153,351	9.9%
<u>Discount Rate</u>	Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>	% Difference
+1% Discount Sensitivity (3.66%) Current Discount Rate 2.66%	\$ 5,166,338 5,597,726	-7.7%
-1% Discount Sensitivity (1.66%)	6,071,612	8.5%

Other Post-Employment Benefits - Continued

Projection of Net Inflows (Outflows)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Net Inflows (Outflows)
2020	\$ -
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
2024	-

Required Supplementary Information

Below is the Schedule of Funding Progress. Ultimately 10 years of funding progress will be shown:

		Total OPEB				Net
		Liability				OPEB Liability
	Fiduciary	Entry Age Normal	Net		а	s a Percentage
	Net	Percentage of	OPEB	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Measurement	Position	Salary	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
<u>Date</u>	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	<u>(b) – (a)</u>	(a) / (b)	<u>(c)</u>	<u>(b) – (a)/(c)</u>
September 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ 4,744,971	\$4,744,971	0.00%	\$ 2,641,704	179.62%
September 30, 2019	-	5,597,726	5,597,726	0.00%	2,614,248	214.12%

Actuarial Valuation: Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contribution of the City and Plan participants are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Method	Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method – Level Percentage of Projected Salary.
Service Cost	Determined for each employee as the Actuarial Present Value of Benefits allocated to the valuation year. The benefit attributed to the valuation year is that incremental portion of the total projected benefit earned during the year in accordance with the plan's benefit formula. This allocation is based on each participant's service between date of hire and date of expected termination.
Total OPEB Liability	The Actuarial Present Value of Benefits allocated to all periods prior to the valuation year.
Discount Rate	2.66% (0.34% real rate of return plus 3.00% inflation)

Other Post-Employment Benefits - Continued

Average Per Capita Claim Cost

CY2020 LGHIP annual premium of \$12,264 used for non-Medicare individual coverage to age 65. This is a pooled rate for

pre-65 retirees.

Health Care Cost Trend 5.00% level

Effect of ACA The excess coverage excise tax penalty of the Affordable Care

Act has been postponed until the plan year beginning in 2032 and is not included in the projection of benefits in this valuation. This plan has current medical costs well under the limits in current law. Current legislative discussions include both repeal of the excise

tax and postponement beyond 2022.

Mortality RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2019.

Turnover Termination rates are based on the termination rates in the latest

actuarial valuation report for the Retirement Systems of Alabama

("RSA").

Disability None assumed

Retirement Rates Same source for termination rates was used for retirement rate.

Retiree Contributions 15% of the premium for medical/dental coverage.

Salary Scale 3.50%

Data Assumptions

Coverage 100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage will

continue with the same coverage.

90% of all eligible actives who currently have individual healthcare coverage will continue with individual only coverage upon retirement. 27% of those with family coverage will continue with family coverage and 63% with family coverage will continue

with individual only coverage at retirement.

Valuation Methodology and Terminology

We have used GASB accounting methodology to determine the

postretirement medical benefit obligations.

Valuation Date September 30, 2019

Measurement Date September 30, 2019

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 10. TAX ABATEMENTS

Under ordinance No. 2011-15 the City is authorized to provide economic development assistance to eligible retail developments. Possible assistance would be building permit exclusion, landfill disposal fee waived, sales and use tax exemption for construction cost, and sales tax rebates (30.00% of excess sales tax generated for a period of five years and 20.00% for two years). Development cost will need to exceed \$1,000,000. In general, for the sales and use tax rebate the development would generate 20 or more new full-time jobs within one calendar quarter.

Rebate of sales tax for the purpose of new or relocated business:

Cannon	\$ 169,416
Action Properties	713
Ajouny Investments	2,393
PLG Investments	205,000
McDonald's	6,441
Wendy's	14,862
Atkins	228,329
Milo's	12,214



Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019

		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost Interest	€9	583,569 \$ 2,330,947	597,982 \$ 2,309,506	536,676 2,221,373	\$ 535,900 \$ 2,153,823	547,221 2,105,941
Changes in Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Transfers Among Employers		(1,844,988) 150,948 (2,351,890) (18,924)	(125,994) (2,272,544) (192,612)	291,131 1,103,905 (1,957,898) (4,956)	142,648 (2,018,103)	(2,091,162)
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY)	(1,150,338)	316,338	2,190,231	814,268	562,000
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY – BEGINNING	က	31,252,681	30,936,343	28,746,112	27,931,844	27,369,844
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY – ENDING (a)	⊛ •	30,102,343 \$	31,252,681 \$	30,936,343	\$ 28,746,112 \$	27,931,844
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions – Employer Contributions – Member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Transfers Among Employers	₩	836,981 \$ 396,113 1,866,853 (2,351,890)	830,036 \$ 390,170 2,424,875 (2,272,544) (192,612)	865,143 378,513 1,841,210 (1,957,898)	\$ 788,365 \$ 398,028 221,011 (2,018,103)	760,561 426,342 2,086,869 (2,091,162) 25,600
NET CHANGE IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		729,133	1,179,925	1,122,012	(601,381)	1,208,210
PLAN NET POSITION – BEGINNING	2	20,740,758	19,560,833	18,438,821	19,040,202	17,831,992
PLAN NET POSITION – ENDING (b)	\$	21,469,891 \$	20,740,758 \$	19,560,833	\$ 18,438,821 \$	19,040,202
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) – ENDING (a) - (b)	€9	8,632,452 \$	10,511,923 \$	11,375,510	\$ 10,307,291 \$	8,891,642
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		71.32%	%98.39	63.23%	64.14%	68.17%
Covered-Employee Payroll*	↔	\$ 876,978	7,505,349 \$	7,403,269	\$ 6,774,687 \$	6,711,095
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	,	108.22%	140.06%	153.66%	152.14%	132.49%

*Employer's covered-payroll during the measurement period is the total payroll paid to covered employees (not just pensionable payroll). For FY2019 the measurement period is October 1, 2017 – September 30, 2018.

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled governments will present information for the years available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions September 30, 2019

	I	2019	l	2018	'	2017	J	2016		2015
Actuarially Determined Contributions*	↔	885,204 \$		848,817 \$	↔	841,724 \$ 863,662 \$ 778,957	↔	863,662	↔	778,957
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions*	I	885,204	ı	848,817	ı	841,724	l	863,662	I	778,957
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	↔	ı	↔		↔	•	↔	•	↔	1
Covered-Employee Payroll**	↔	7,964,810	↔	7,976,978	↔	7,964,810 \$ 7,976,978 \$ 7,505,349 \$ 7,403,269 \$ 6,774,687	↔	7,403,269	\$	3,774,687
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		11.11%		10.64%		11.21%		11.67%		11.50%

*Amount of employer contributions related to normal and accrued liability components of employer rate net of any refunds or error service payments. For FY2019, the fiscal year is the twelve month period beginning October 1, 2018.

**Employer's covered payroll for FY2019 is the total covered payroll for October 1, 2018, through September 30, 2019.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Contributions for fiscal year 2019 were based on the September 30, 2016, actuarial valuation.

Five Year Smoothed Market Level Percent Closed 29.3 Years Entry Age 2.875% Methods and Assumptions used to Determine Contribution Rates: Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Inflation

3.375 – 5.125%, Including Inflation 7.875%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return

Salary Increases

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled governments will present information for the years av

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019

		2019		2018
	-	2019	-	2010
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY				
Service Cost	\$	60,633	\$	58,267
Interest		185,025		191,882
Changes in Benefit Terms		-		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		389,442		-
Changes of Assumptions		593,049		- (0.40, 450)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(375,394)		(346,150)
Transfers Among Employers	_	-	-	
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY		852,755		(96,001)
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - BEGINNING	_	4,744,971	_	4,840,972
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY – ENDING	\$_	5,597,726	\$_	4,744,971
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION				
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) – ENDING	\$	5,597,726	\$	4,744,971
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		0.00%		0.00%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,614,248	\$	2,641,704
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		214.12%		179.62%

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled governments will present information for the years available.



CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA Combining Balance Sheet All Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2019

	_	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	_	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Other Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net Prepaids	\$	1,080,726 12,000	\$	200,988 345,000	\$	83,185 - -	\$	1,364,899 357,000
Due from Other Funds	_	1,829	_	30,278	_	115,757		147,864
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u></u>	1,094,555	\$_	576,266	\$	198,942	\$	1,869,763
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	\$ _	152,756 85	\$	31,462 199,278	\$	2,917 -	\$	187,135 199,363
TOTAL LIABILITIES		152,841		230,740		2,917		386,498
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_
Restricted Fund Balance		465,227		327,959		196,019		989,205
Committed Fund Balance		- 470 407		17,548		6		17,554
Assigned Fund Balance	_	476,487		19	-	-	-	476,506
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	941,714		345,526	_	196,025	_	1,483,265
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	1,094,555	\$	576,266	\$	198,942	\$	1,869,763

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Nonmajor Governmental Funds
September 30, 2017

	-	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	-	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	-	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Other Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Interest Fines and Forfeitures Intergovernmental Grant Proceeds and Donations Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES	\$ -	970,259 108 144,321 - 37,757 218,403 1,370,848	\$	- 46 - 130,971 823,501 29,220 983,738		- 127 - - - - - 127	\$	970,259 281 144,321 130,971 861,258 247,623 2,354,713
EXPENDITURES General Government Public Safety Public Works Recreation and Cultural Services Intergovernmental Debt Service: Principal Interest and Other Charges Capital Outlays	_	94,338 16,474 - 255,926 - - - 23,109	-	2,880 - 368,278 - - - - 1,146,751		7,937 - - - - 845,550 515,227 -	_	105,155 16,474 368,278 255,926 - 845,550 515,227 1,169,860
TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	389,847 981,001	•	1,517,909 (534,171)	•	1,368,714 (1,368,587)	_	3,276,470 (921,757)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds of Long-Term Debt Transfer In Transfer Out	_	- 60,000 (730,000)		- 423,361 -	_	- 1,620,000 (1,189,616)	_	- 2,103,361 (1,919,616)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(670,000)		423,361		430,384		183,745
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		311,001		(110,810)		(938,203)		(738,012)
FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING FUND BALANCES – ENDING	- \$	630,713	\$	456,336	\$	1,134,228	\$	2,221,277 1,483,265
FUND DALANCES - ENDING	Φ_	941,714	Φ.	345,526	Ф	196,025	Φ=	1,403,200

CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
September 30, 2019

	ŏ	Corrections	∢ -	Alcohol Fund		State Street	Gasoline Tax	eline ×	Ten cent Gas Tax	ب	Court Ordered Fund		Court Administered Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds	₩		, ↔	35	\$		\$ 75,	75,944 \$		' ν	9,846 12,000 -	 •	117,483
TOTAL ASSETS	ઝ	371	ج	488,235	8	\$ 231,617	\$ 75,944	944	80	∳ •	21,846	 ↔	117,483
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	€		€	140,142	∽	1 1	€	<i>\$</i>		∨		∽	
TOTAL LIABILITIES			Ì	140,142		1		.	1	ı I	'		
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned		371		- 348,093	8	231,617	75,	75,944	80	_ 1	21,846		117,483
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		371		348,093	~	231,617	75,	75,944	80	_1	21,846		117,483
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	↔	371	ج	488,235	8	231,617	\$ 75,	75,944 \$	80	↔	21,846	↔	117,483

CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA
Combining Balance Sheet – Continued
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
September 30, 2019

				В		Special			Tot	Total Nonmajor
		Foothills Festival	<u>Б</u> <u>Р</u>	Equipment Grant Fund	<u>-</u> П	Projects Fund	J	Animal Shelter	Rev	Special Revenue Funds
ASSE IS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net Due from Other Funds	↔	9,984	₩	8,568	↔	9,318	<i></i>	129,280	₩	1,080,726 12,000 1,829
TOTAL ASSETS	↔	\$ 11,813	⇔	8,568	↔	9,318	∯ •> 	129,280	υ	1,094,555
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	↔	12,614 85	↔		↔		₩		₩	152,756 85
TOTAL LIABILITIES		12,699		1	ļ		J			152,841
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned	I	. (886)		8,568	ļ	9,318	ı	- 129,280		465,227 476,487
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	I	(886)		8,568	Ī	9,318	ı	129,280		941,714
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	s	\$ 11,813	↔	8,568	s	9,318 \$	⊌	129,280 \$	€	1,094,555

CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
September 30, 2019

	Corrections	Alcohol Fund	State Street	Gasoline Tax	Ten cent Gas Tax	Court Ordered Fund	Court Administered Fund
REVENUES Taxes Interest Fines and Forfeitures Licenses and Permits Grant Proceeds and Donations Miscellaneous	\$ - \$	813,749 \$	81,858 \$ 48 13,043	74,652 \$	↔	2 - 2 - 15,974 6,516	16,350
TOTAL REVENUES	127,971	813,804	94,949	74,655		22,492	16,350
EXPENDITURES General Government Public Safety Public Works Recreation and Cultural Services Intergovernmental Capital Outlays		1,913	92,405		50	8,804 - - - 14,500	265
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		92,055	92,405		20	23,304	265
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	127,971	721,749	2,544	74,655	(20)	(812)	16,085
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer In Transfer Out	(130,000)	(000,009)					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(130,000)	(000,009)	·	ı	1	1	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING	(2,029) 2,400	121,749 226,344	2,544 229,073	74,655 1,289	(20)	(812) 22,658	16,085 101,398
FUND BALANCES – ENDING	\$ 371 \$	348,093 \$	231,617 \$	75,944 \$	\$ 08	21,846 \$	117,483

See Independent Auditors' Report. - 62 -

CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Continued Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
September 30, 2019

PD Special Total Nonmajor Equipment Projects Animal Special Grant Fund Shelter Revenue Funds	\$ - \$ - \$ 070,259 144,321 13,050 5,255 10,109 419 37,757 113,090 218,403 113,090 1,370,848	- 94,338 - 7,405 16,474 - 5,800 - 255,926 - 5,800 - 255,926 23,109	- 14,409 7,405 389,847	5,255 (4,300) 106,104 981,001 60,000 - (730,000)	5,255 (4,300) 106,104 311,001 3,313 13,618 23,176 630,713	\$ 8,568 \$ 9,318 \$ 129,280 \$ 941,714
Foothills Festival	\$	159,984	159,984	(68,230)	60,000 (8,230) 7,344	\$ (888)
	REVENUES Taxes Interest Fines and Forfeitures Licenses and Permits Grant Proceeds and Donations Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITURES General Government Public Safety Public Works Recreation and Cultural Services Intergovernmental Capital Outlays	TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	OVER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer In	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING	FUND BALANCES – ENDING

See Independent Auditors' Report.

CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
September 30, 2019

	I	Atrip	-1	State Capital Improvements	> <u>E</u>	Whitehouse Road Improvement		Downtown Tap Grant	Miracle Field	jeld	To	Town Creek Sewer Replacement		Downtown Tap III	2017 Community Project Fund	17 unity Fund
ASSELS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net Prepaid Insurance Due from Other Funds	↔	111,182 48,292 -	\$	39,169 2,440 -	₩	5,842	↔	12,270	₩	19	₩		↔	5,504 \$ 294,268 -		12,389 - - 25,000
TOTAL ASSETS	&	159,474	€	41,609	\$	5,842	↔	17,548	₩	19	₩		₩	299,772 \$		37,389
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments	↔	19,456	\$	1 1 1	↔	14,000	↔		€		₩	10 - 1	↔ .	185,278		11,986
TOTAL LIABILITIES	I	19,456				14,000		1				10		185,278		11,986
FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed Assigned	I	140,018	ļ	41,609		(8,158)		17,548		- 1		(10)		114,494		25,403
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	I	140,018	1	41,609		(8,158)		17,548		19		(10)		114,494		25,403
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	₩	\$ 159,474 \$	⊕	41,609	\$	5,842	₩	17,548	₩	19	∨	,	\$	299,772 \$		37,389

CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA
Combining Balance Sheet – Continued
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
September 30, 2019

CITY OF JASPER, ALABAMA
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
September 30, 2019

	Atrip	State Capital Improvements	Whitehouse Road Improvement	Downtown Tap Grant	Miracle Field	Town Creek Sewer Replacement	Downtown Tap III	2017 Community Project Fund
REVENUES Interest Intergovernmental Grant Proceeds and Donations Miscellaneous	\$ - \$ 155,915	130,971	\$ 7	\$ - \$	6	368,040	294,268	10
TOTAL REVENUES	155,915	153,488	29	5,278	19	368,130	294,268	10
EXPENDITURES General Government Public Works Recreation and Cultural Services Intergovernmental Capital Outlays	- - - 183,932	72 - - 184,966	2,763	146		368,040	92 381,182	185,547
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	183,932	185,038	2,763	1,313	ı	368,040	381,274	185,547
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(28,017)	(31,550)	(2,734)	3,965	6	06	(87,006)	(185,537)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds of Long-Term Debt Transfer In Transfer Out		22,421					180,000	210,940
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1	22,421	•		•	ı	180,000	210,940
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING	(28,017) 168,035	(9,129) 50,738	(2,734) (5,424)	3,965 13,583	10	90 (100)	92,994 21,500	25,403
FUND BALANCES – ENDING	\$ 140,018 \$	41,609	\$ (8,158)	\$ 17,548 \$	19	\$ (10) \$	114,494 \$	25,403

CITY OFJASPER, ALABAMA
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Continued
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
September 30, 2019

Total Mar-Jac Nonmajor V Improvement Capital Projects und Fund	- \$ 1 \$ 46 130,971 823,501 29,220	- 1 983,738	20 - 2,880 20 - 368,278 5,500 - 1,146,751	5,520 - 1,517,909	(5,520) 1 (534,171)	10,000 - 423,361	10,000 - 423,361	100 10,032 456,336	4,580 \$ 10,033 \$ 345,526
2015 Energy Improvement Tap IV Project Fund	\$ - 009'9	6,600	25 - - 204,457 5,	204,482 5,	(197,882) (5,	10,0	- 10,	(197,882) 4,4	\$ (10) \$ 4,5
	REVENUES Interest Intergovernmental Grant Proceeds and Donations Miscellaneous	TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITURES General Government Public Works Recreation and Cultural Services Intergovernmental Capital Outlays	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds of Long-Term Debt Transfer In Transfer Out	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING	FUND BALANCES – ENDING

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Fund September 30, 2019

	_	2012 Bond Issue	IDB Debt Service	. <u>-</u>	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Funds Prepaids	\$	83,179 115,757 -	\$ 6 - -	\$	83,185 115,757 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	198,936	\$ 6	\$_	198,942
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Due to Other Funds Accounts Payable	\$	- 2,917	\$ - -	\$_	- 2,917
LIABILITIES		2,917	-		2,917
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed	_	- 196,019 -	- - 6	_	- 196,019 6
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	196,019	6	-	196,025
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	198,936	\$ 6	\$_	198,942

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Fund September 30, 2019

	_	2012 Bond Issue	· <u>-</u>	IDB Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Fund
REVENUES Interest	\$_	-	\$	127	\$ 127
TOTAL REVENUES		-		127	127
EXPENDITURES General Government Public Works Debt Service: Principal		7,764 - 845,550		173 - -	7,937 - 845,550
Interest and Other Charges TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	515,227 1,368,541	· -	 173	515,227 1,368,714
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,368,541)		(46)	(1,368,587)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds of Long-Term Debt Transfer In Transfer Out	_	1,370,000 -		- 250,000 (1,189,616)	1,620,000 (1,189,616)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	_	1,370,000		(939,616)	430,384
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,459		(939,662)	(938,203)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	_	194,560	. <u>-</u>	939,668	1,134,228
FUND BALANCE – ENDING	\$_	196,019	\$	6	\$ 196,025

KELLUM, WILSON & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants
1799 ELLIOTT BOULEVARD
JASPER, ALABAMA 35501
PHILLIP D. EADS, CPA, MANAGER

(205) 221-2935 FAX (205) 221-2985 peads@kwacpa.net

JOHN W. KELLUM, III, CPA CHARLES R. WILSON, CPA

LORI L. KES, CPA
PHILLIP D. EADS, CPA
BENJAMIN D. DOUGHTY, CPA
LINDY B. EICHELBERGER, CPA
JAMES C. BOHANNON, CPA, CFE

BIRMINGHAM OFFICE JOHN W. KELLUM, III, CPA 3825 LORNA ROAD, SUITE 212 HOOVER, ALABAMA 35244 (205) 942-5424

CHARLES W. HULLETT, CPA (1927-2005)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Jasper, Alabama

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund of the City of Jasper, Alabama (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 11, 2020. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Jasper City Board of Education of the City of Jasper, Alabama, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kellum, Wilson & Associatur, P.C.

Kellum, Wilson and Associates, P.C.

September 11, 2020